+49 511 4739339
james@englisch-lehrer.com · www.englisch-lehrer.com

A2 · WORD ORDER · ≈ 26 MIN

Questions in English — *practice on paper*

You have built the lesson — now lock in every question, brick by brick. New examples, same QASV rule.

> The helper asks the question: **do / does / did** before the subject, the main verb stays in the base form — only **be** and modal verbs invert on their own

NAME _____ DATE _____

YOUR BUILD · 1 · SORTING ○ · 2 · FILL-IN ○ · 3 · CORRECT ○ · 4 · WRITE ○

BRICK 1 · HELPER OR NO HELPER? · APPROX. 4 MIN ●○○

Read each question. Needs **do**, **does**, or **did** → left column. Manages without do — because be or a modal verb inverts itself, or the question is indirect → right column. Careful: a "who" question about the doer needs no helper!

- Does your team work remotely?
- Are you free on Tuesday?
- Did the client call yesterday?
- Can we start the meeting?
- Do you need the slides before noon?
- Could you tell me where the printer is?
- What does this abbreviation mean?
- Is the report ready yet?
- Why did they cancel the order?
- Who wrote this email?

WITH DO / DOES / DID	NO DO (BE, MODAL, INDIRECT)

BRICK 2 · FILL IN THE HELPER · APPROX. 6 MIN ●●○

Fill in the right helper: **do**, **does**, or **did** — or a form of **be** when there is no full verb in the sentence. Read the whole sentence, including the time expression, before you choose.

01 _____ your colleagues work from home on Fridays?
02 _____ you get my email yesterday morning?
03 _____ we need to book the room in advance?
04 _____ the flight usually leave on time?
05 _____ you at the conference last week?
06 _____ they receive the invoice two weeks ago?
07 How _____ the training session yesterday?
08 Why _____ the workshop always begin so early?

YOUR BUILD · 1 · SORTING · 2 · FILL-IN · 3 · CORRECT · 4 · WRITE

BRICK 3 · FIND AND CORRECT THE MISTAKE · APPROX. 7 MIN

Each sentence hides exactly one mistake — with the **helper**, the **word order**, or the **verb form**. Underline it and write the whole sentence correctly.

01 Where you buy your train tickets?

02 Lives he near the office?

03 Does the price includes the software licence?

04 Do you are happy with the new supplier?

05 Do you know where is the meeting room?

06 Did you sent the agenda?

BRICK 4 · WRITE YOUR OWN QUESTIONS · APPROX. 8 MIN

Write one question for each prompt. For every question, check the **helper** and the **QASV** order: question word, auxiliary, subject, verb.

01 New colleague: "Where do you …?" — a question about the working day.

02 Last week: "Did you …?" — a yes/no question about the past week.

03 Polite at the office: "Could you tell me …?" — an indirect question for a client.

04 Quick check: "Are you …?" — a question with be for your next call.

MINI-CHECK – CAN I DO THIS YET?

- [ ] I put do, does, or did before the subject — the main verb stays in the base form.
- [ ] With he, she, it the -s jumps onto the helper: "Does he drive?" — not "does he drives".
- [ ] I build wh-questions with QASV: question word, auxiliary, subject, verb — in that order.
- [ ] Be and modal verbs invert without do, and after "Could you tell me …?" the statement order stays.

Not every box ticked? Build the lesson once more and try this sheet again tomorrow.

Answer key

Check only when you have finished. Every answer comes with the **why** — the rule matters more than the result.

BRICK 1 · SORTING

01 **Does** your team work remotely?
Full verb, subject your team (it) → does; the verb stays in the base form.

02 **Are** you free on Tuesday?
"Free" is an adjective — the verb is be, and be inverts on its own.

03 **Did** the client call yesterday?
"Yesterday" = finished past → did for every person.

04 **Can** we start the meeting?
The modal can inverts without do — just swap subject and can.

05 **Do** you need the slides before noon?
Full verb, subject you, present → do.

06 Could you tell me **where the printer is**?
Indirect question: statement order after the opener, no do inside.

07 What **does** this abbreviation mean?
Wh-question with QASV; subject this abbreviation (it) → does.

08 **Is** the report ready yet?
"Ready" is an adjective — be inverts on its own, no do.

09 Why **did** they cancel the order?
Past → did; then the base form cancel.

10 **Who** wrote this email?
"Who" asks about the doer (subject) here — no helper needed.

BRICK 2 · FILL-IN

01 **Do** your colleagues work from home on Fridays?
Plural subject colleagues, present habit → do.

02 **Did** you get my email yesterday morning?
"Yesterday morning" is finished past → did.

03 **Do** we need to book the room in advance?
Subject we, general present question → do.

04 **Does** the flight usually leave on time?
Subject the flight (it) → does; "usually" marks the habit.

05 **Were** you at the conference last week?
No full verb in the sentence → be inverts itself; past with you → were.

06 **Did** they receive the invoice two weeks ago?
"Ago" = a finished point in time → did.

07 How **was** the training session yesterday?
Be inverts itself; the session (it) in the past → was.

08 Why **does** the workshop always begin so early?
QASV; the workshop (it), a habit → does, base form begin.

BRICK 3 · CORRECT

01 Where **do** you buy your train tickets?
The helper is missing — a wh-question needs QASV with do.

02 **Does he live** near the office?
Only be and modal verbs invert — the full verb live needs does.

03 Does the price **include** the software licence?
After does the verb takes the base form — the -s already sits in the helper.

04 **Are** you happy with the new supplier?
Never mix be with do — be inverts on its own.

05 Do you know **where the meeting room is**?
Indirect question: statement order inside, subject before verb.

06 Did you **send** the agenda?
After did comes the base form — the past lives in did.

BRICK 4 · WRITE

Your questions may differ — just check: helper before the subject, main verb in the base form, no do with be.

01 "Where **do** you usually have lunch?"
QASV: question word + do + subject + base verb.

02 "**Did** you finish the report last week?"
Finished past → did, then the base form finish.

03 "Could you tell me **where the invoice is**?"
Statement order after the opener — no do inside.

04 "**Are** you happy with the new schedule?"
"Happy" is an adjective → be inverts without do.

NEXT BRICKS — KEEP BUILDING FREE ONLINE

PAIR WITH THIS
Present Simple
englisch-lehrer.com/en/lessons/present-simple

NEXT STEP
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englisch-lehrer.com/hannover

BERLIN
Kurfürstendamm 30 · 10719
englisch-lehrer.com/berlin

ONLINE COURSES
englisch-lehrer.com/online
worldwide on Zoom

CONTACT
+49 511 4739339
james@englisch-lehrer.com